ADA American Dent	tal Ass	sociation	Dent	al Clair	n For	m									
HEADER INFORMATION									λ	BEIT	N DENTA	. ■ ⊗			
Type of Transaction (Mark all applicable boxes)											N DEM IA	15			
Statement of Actual Services		Request for Pr	edetermination	on/Preauthoriza	ation										
EPSDT / Title XIX															
2. Predetermination/Preauthorization Number							POLICYHOLDER/SUBSCRIBER INFORMATION (Assigned by Plan Named in #3) 12. Policyholder/Subscriber Name (Last, First, Middle Initial, Suffix), Address, City, State, Zip Code								
DENTAL BENEFIT PLAN INF	ORMATI	ION				- ¹⁴	z. Policynoide	r/Subsci	riber Name (Last, First, Mid	ale initial, Suffix),	Address, City, Sta	te, Zip Code		
3. Company/Plan Name, Address, Ci															
		•													
							3. Date of Birt	h (MM/F	D/CCYY)	14. Gender	15 Policyho	older/Subscriber ID	(Assigned by Plan)		
								II (IVIIVI/L	<i>D</i> /0011)		U	olden/odbachber ib (Assigned by Fiair)		
OTHER COVERAGE (Mark applicable box and complete items 5-11. If none, leave blank.)								Numbe	r ·	17. Employer N	ame				
4. Dental? Medical? (If both, complete 5-11 for dental only.)															
Name of Policyholder/Subscriber in #4 (Last, First, Middle Initial, Suffix)							PATIENT INFORMATION								
							18. Relationship to Policyholder/Subscriber in #12 Above 19. Reserved For Future								
6. Date of Birth (MM/DD/CCYY)	ate of Birth (MM/DD/CCYY) 7. Gender 8. Policyholder/Subscriber ID (Assigned by Plan)						Self Spouse Dependent Child Other 20. Name (Last, First, Middle Initial, Suffix), Address, City, State, Zip Code								
9. Plan/Group Number			to Person na	amed in #5		- 20	J. Name (Lasi	., FIISI, N	muule miliai,	Sullix), Addres	ss, Oily, State, Zip	Code			
9. Plan/Group Number 10. Patient's Relationship to Person named in #5 Self Spouse Dependent Other															
11. Other Insurance Company/Denta	l Benefit F	Plan Name, Addre	ss, City, Stat	e, Zip Code											
						21	1. Date of Birt	h (MM/C	D/CCYY)	22. Gender	23. Patient	ID/Account # (Assi	gned by Dentist)		
										M F]u				
RECORD OF SERVICES PROV	VIDED														
24. Procedure Date of Oral		27. Tooth Nu		28. Tooth	29. Prod		29a. Diag.	29b.		30	Description		31. Fee		
(MM/DD/CCYY) Cavity	Cavity System or Letter(s)		r(s)	Surface	Cod	de	Pointer	Qty.		30. Description 31. Fee			0		
1	-														
2					-										
3					-										
4															
5					1										
6															
7															
8															
9															
10															
33. Missing Teeth Information (Place							ode List Qualifier (ICD-10 = AB) 31a. Other Fee(s)								
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 34a Diagnosis								Α		C		32. Total Fee			
32 31 30 29 28 27 26	25 24	1 23 22 21	20 19 1	18 17 (P	rimary diag	gnosis	in " A ")	В		D		- 10tal Fee			
35. Remarks															
AUTHORIZATIONS						ANG	CILLARY C	LAIM/1	FREATME	NT INFORM	ATION				
								nent	(e.g. 11	I=office; 22=O/P	Hospital) 39. Er	nclosures (Y or N)			
charges for dental services and materials not paid by my dental benefit plan, unless prohibited by law, or the treating dentist or dental practice has a contractual agreement with my plan prohibiting all								of Service	ce Codes for F	rofessional Clain	ns")				
or a portion of such charges. To the extent permitted by law, I consent to your use and disclosure of my protected health information to carry out payment activities in connection with this claim.								or Ortho	dontics?		41. Date	Appliance Placed	(MM/DD/CCYY)		
New York: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an applicationor								ip 41-42	Yes	(Complete 41-4	12)				
							Months of Trea	atment	43. Repla	cement of Pros	thesis 44. Date	of Prior Placemen	t (MM/DD/CCYY)		
not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.									No	Yes (Compl	ete 44)				
Tationio Standari Signaturo								sulting fr							
37. I hereby authorize and direct payment of the dental benefits otherwise payable to me, directly to the below named dentist or dental entity.							<u> </u>		ness/injury	Aut	o accident	Other accider			
X								46. Date of Accident (MM/DD/CCYY) 47. Auto Accident State TREATING DENTIST AND TREATMENT LOCATION INFORMATION							
							ATING DE	NTIST	AND TRE	ATMENT LO	DCATION INF	ORMATION			
BILLING DENTIST OR DENTAL ENTITY (Leave blank if dentist or dental entity is not submitting claim on behalf of the patient or insured/subscriber.) 53							hereby certify multiple visits)				y date are in prog	ress (for procedure	es that require		
48. Name, Address, City, State, Zip Code						X	X								
							Signed (Treating Dentist) Date								
I ⊢						_	44. NPI 55. License Number								
						56. A	56. Address, City, State, Zip Code 56a. Provider Specialty Code								
49. NPI 50.	. License I	Number	51. SSN	or TIN											
52. Phone Number	52a. Additional Provider ID					57. Phone 58. Additional Provider ID									

ADA American Dental Association®

America's leading advocate for oral health

The following information highlights certain form completion instructions. Comprehensive ADA Dental Claim Form completion instructions are posted on the ADA's web site (https://www.ADA.org/en/publications/cdt/ada-dental-claim-form).

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- A. The form is designed so that the name and address (Item 3) of the third-party payer receiving the claim (insurance company/dental benefit plan) is visible in a standard #9 window envelope (window to the left). Please fold the form using the 'tick-marks' printed in the margin.
- B. Complete all items unless noted otherwise on the form or in the instructions posted on the ADA's web site (ADA.org).
- C. Enter the full name of an individual or a full business name, address and zip code when a name and address field is required.
- D. All dates must include the four-digit year.
- E. If the number of procedures reported exceeds the number of lines available on one claim form, list the remaining procedures on a separate, fully completed claim form.
- F. GENDER Codes (Items 7, 14 and 22) M = Male; F = Female; U = Unknown

COORDINATION OF BENEFITS (COB)

When a claim is being submitted to the secondary payer, complete the entire form and attach the primary payer's Explanation of Benefits (EOB) showing the amount paid by the primary payer. You may also note the primary carrier paid amount in the "Remarks" field (Item 35).

DIAGNOSIS CODING

The form supports reporting up to four diagnosis codes per dental procedure. This information is required when the diagnosis may affect claim adjudication when specific dental procedures may minimize the risks associated with the connection between the patient's oral and systemic health conditions. Diagnosis codes are linked to procedures using the following fields:

Item 29a – Diagnosis Code Pointer ("A" through "D" as applicable from Item 34a)

Item 34 - Diagnosis Code List Qualifier (AB for ICD-10-CM)

Item 34a - Diagnosis Code(s) / A, B, C, D (up to four, with the primary adjacent to the letter "A")

PLACE OF TREATMENT

Enter the 2-digit Place of Service Code for Professional Claims, a HIPAA standard maintained by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. Frequently used codes are:

11 = Office; 12 = Home; 21 = Inpatient Hospital; 22 = Outpatient Hospital; 31 = Skilled Nursing Facility; 32 = Nursing Facility

The full list is available online at:

https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/PhysicianFeeSched/Downloads/Website-POS-database.pdf

PROVIDER SPECIALTY

This code is entered in Item 56a and indicates the type of dental professional who delivered the treatment. The general code listed as "Dentist" may be used instead of any of the other codes.

Category / Description Code	Code
Dentist A dentist is a person qualified by a doctorate in dental surgery (D.D.S.) or dental medicine (D.M.D.) licensed by the state to practice dentistry, and practicing within the scope of that license.	122300000X
General Practice	1223G0001X
Dental Specialty (see following list)	Various
Dental Public Health	1223D0001X
Endodontics	1223E0200X
Orthodontics	1223X0400X
Pediatric Dentistry	1223P0221X
Periodontics	1223P0300X
Prosthodontics	1223P0700X
Oral & Maxillofacial Pathology	1223P0106X
Oral & Maxillofacial Radiology	1223D0008X
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery	1223S0112X

Provider taxonomy codes listed above are a subset of the full code set that is posted at: http://www.wpc-edi.com/reference/codelists/health-care-provider-taxonomy-code-set/



Claim Form Disclosure

You may be subject to civil and criminal penalties for knowingly providing false or misleading information.

Alabama: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution fines or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof. Alaska: A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete or misleading information may be prosecuted under this title. Arizona: For your protection Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties. Arkansas: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment for a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. California: For your protection, California law requires the following to appear on this form: Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison. Colorado: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado division of insurance within the department of regulatory agencies. Delaware: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony. District of Columbia: WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant. Florida: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree. Hawaii: For your protection, Hawaii law requires you to be informed that presenting a fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit is a crime punishable by fines or imprisonment, or both. Idaho: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony. Indiana: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud an insurer, files a statement of claim containing false, incomplete or misleading information commits a felony. Kansas: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any misrepresentation or any false, incomplete or misleading information may be guilty of a criminal act punishable under law and may be subject to civil penalties. Kentucky: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime. Louisiana: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. Maine: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purposes of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefits. Maryland: Any person who knowingly and willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment for a loss or benefit or who knowingly and willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. Minnesota: A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime. New Hampshire: Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud as provided in R.S.A. 638.20. New Jersey: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to civil and criminal penalties. New Mexico: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties. Ohio: Any person who, with the intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud. Oklahoma: WARNING: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony. Pennsylvania: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties. Puerto Rico: Any person who knowingly and with the intention to defraud presents false information in an insurance application or, who presents helps or has a fraudulent claim presented for the payment of a loss or other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same loss or damage, will incur in a felony and if convicted, will be sanctioned for each violation with a fine of no less than five thousand (\$5,000) dollars or no more than ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars or imprisonment by the fixed term of three years, or both punishments. With aggravating circumstances the fixed term of the punishment could go up to five (5) years; with mitigating circumstances the punishment could be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years. Rhode Island: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. Tennessee: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purposes of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefits. Utah: Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent underwriting information, files or causes to be filed a false or fraudulent claim for disability compensation or medical benefits, or submits a false or fraudulent report or billing for health care fees or other professional services is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison. Virginia: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits. Washington: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines, and denial of insurance benefits. West Virginia: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.